According to K-State beef cattle experts with the KSU Beef Cattle Institute, here are some tips for feeding steers at home. Understanding rations and controlling expenses can be challenging. Especially in a drought year like this. Locally sourced food has grown in popularity in recent years, leading some cow-calf producers to raise steer calves through the finishing phase rather than selling them at weaning. Experts at the Kansas State University Beef Cattle Institute said it is important that first time cattle feeders deliver the appropriate ration and understand the increased expenses they may incur.

You may want to find a bulk storage solution for feed because that will decrease your feed costs from buying it a bag at a time. One option, is a gravity wagon that allows producers to buy feed by the ton and carry it by the bucket to the steers that are being fed. Another way to reduce feed expenses is to purchase feedstuffs that are available in the local area.

A finishing feed will need to have quite a bit of grain in it. For many that local source will be corn but it will also need a high-energy protein source like soybean meal, cottonseed meal or distiller’s grains. Work with your local co-op or extension agent who can help you formulate the right ration for a growing steer. The main goal for steers hand fed between 700 pounds through the finishing phase is three pounds per day. To make that goal, the calf needs to be fed six pounds of feed for one pound of gain so about 2.1 tons of feed during that phase. Along with the feed, the cattle need to eat hay to keep their rumen healthy. The hay keeps the calves from going into an acidotic state with the high concentrate finishing feed.

You need to acclimate the cattle to a changing diet over several weeks where you are increasing the high grain concentrate and decreasing the hay. Otherwise, some cattle will overeat the grain and that can have serious consequences. The timing of the feed delivery is also important. Feeding them at the same time each day helps the rumen pH balance. It is recommended to feed twice a day, 12 hours apart. If a morning feeding is missed, it is better to skip that feeding rather than feeding twice in a shorter time period.

Here is a checklist of recommendations when feeding a steer through the finishing phase at home:
- Create complete rations including mineral supplementation.
- Work with a veterinarian to develop a good health plan.
- Have adequate housing to raise the animal through the winter.
- Consider the economics when finishing the calves at home.
- Formulate rations based on the available feedstuffs.
- Determine bulk feeding storage options that may be available.
- Monitor changes in growth and adjust the amount of feed appropriate for that animal.

Information comes from K-State beef cattle experts with the KSU Beef Cattle Institute. Dr. Brad White, Dr. Phillip Lancaster, and Dr. Bob Weaber

For more information regarding Agriculture and Natural Resources, 4-H Youth Development, or K-State Research and Extension call the office at 620-583-7455, email me at benjam63@ksu.edu, or stop by the office located inside the courthouse. Be sure to follow K-State Research and Extension- Greenwood County on Facebook for the most up-to-date information on Extension education programs and the Greenwood County 4-H program.